

TITLE: Olga Tellis v. Bombay Municipal Corporation (1985)

SITE

Education desk note ? Advocate Adesh Kumar ? <https://advadeshkumar.com/>

CITATION

(1985) 3 SCC 545 | Supreme Court of India | 1985

CASE

Olga Tellis v. Bombay Municipal Corporation

FACTS

Pavement and slum dwellers challenged eviction/demolition without meaningful hearing.

LEGAL ISSUES

Does eviction of pavement dwellers without process violate livelihood under Article 21?

LAW / PROVISIONS

Article 21; municipal eviction powers.

HOLDING

Right to livelihood is an important facet of Article 21; procedural fairness required before eviction.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

1. Livelihood is inside Article 21's protection.
2. Eviction without process fails constitutional fairness.
3. Still cited in housing / informal-settlement litigation.

SIGNIFICANCE

Landmark livelihood and urban-poor rights case.

PRIMARY SOURCE

<https://indiankanoon.org/doc/709776/>

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Advocate Adesh Kumar ? Indian legal education desk

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Confirm the operative judgment on the court / official reporter.